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You have requested access to a copy of a report prepared by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ("PwC") on the non statutory financial statements of Solicitors Indemnity Fund for the 10 months ended 31 October 2013 prepared for the Directors of the Administering Company, Solicitors Indemnity Fund Limited (the "report"). The Solicitors Indemnity Fund Administering Fund to whom the report is addressed, has confirmed that a copy of the report may be provided to you. PwC* has consented to release of the report to you on conditions listed below, which by continuing to read you have accepted:

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5. Any explanations that PwC may provide to any recipient in relation to the report are given on the same bases as those relating to the provision of the report itself.
6. PwC will be entitled to the benefit of and to enforce these terms; and
7. These terms and any dispute arising from them, whether contractual or non-contractual, are subject to English law and the exclusive jurisdiction of English courts.

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2013

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SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

CONTENTS

	Page
Report of the Directors of the Administering Company	2
Independent Auditors' Report to the Directors of Solicitors Indemnity Fund Limited	6
Income and Expenditure Account for the Ten Months Ended 31 October 2013.....	7
Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the Ten Months Ended 31 October 2013	8
Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2013	9
Notes to the Financial Statements for the Ten Months Ended 31 October 2013.....	10

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE ADMINISTERING COMPANY

PURPOSE AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Solicitors Indemnity Fund (the “Fund”) is a statutory fund established in 1987 governed by the Solicitors’ Indemnity Rules 1987 as amended from time to time. The Rules are presently made under sections 37, 79 and 80 of the Solicitors Act 1974, section 9 of the Administration of Justice Act 1985, and paragraph 19 of Schedule 11 of the Legal Services Act 2007, with the approval of the Legal Services Board under paragraph 19 of Schedule 4 to the Legal Services Act 2007. The Rules are now known as the SRA Indemnity Rules.

The Fund provided indemnity in respect of the practices of solicitors, recognised bodies and registered foreign lawyers carried on wholly or in part in England and Wales, with up to £1 million of cover per claim (£1.5 million for recognised bodies) until 31 August 2000, when the Council of The Law Society decided to require firms to purchase indemnity insurance in the open market. The Fund therefore went into run-off from 1 September 2000. In 2004, the indemnity limit increased for new claims arising within existing practices to £2 million and £3 million for recognised bodies.

The purpose of the Fund is to:

- Manage the ongoing notified claims arising from the pre 1 September 2000 period and settle the associated liabilities arising. The number of notified cases has been decreasing as cases meet their statutory limitation periods and the number of claims outstanding has been decreasing as claims have been managed and concluded.
- Manage new claims arising from 1 September 2000 against practices that had ceased without successor prior to 1 September 2000 and settle the associated liabilities arising.
- Manage new claims and settle the associated liabilities arising from firms insured in the open market and which have ceased from 1 September 2000 without successor and where the requisite six-year run-off period provided by their last market insurer or the Assigned Risks Pool has elapsed. This cover is by way of a 10-year block programme commencing on 1 September 2007 and ending on 30 September 2017. In 2012, this programme was extended by an additional three years to 30 September 2020.

RESULTS FOR THE PERIOD

The activities of the Fund gave rise to a deficit after tax of £4.6 million for the period (2012: £472k): in addition, the Fund suffered unrealised losses on its investment portfolio of £79k (2012: £291k). The main driver of the adverse results for the period is a revision of estimates used for the extended post six-year cover to 2020. This follows an actuarial review carried out during 2013 that recommended increasing the IBNR reserve which also includes an allowance for future claims inflation at 3% pa (£1.4 million) and the future expected claims management costs envisaged (£1.1 million). This accounts for £2.5 million of the deficit. The other significant element of the deficit is due to revising estimates for other related run off costs for the period 2017 to 2030 by which stage it is expected that the Fund should have fulfilled its obligations and settled all liabilities.

Further information in relation to claims, expenses and investment performance is provided on page 4 below.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE FUND

Solicitors Indemnity Fund Limited acts as the administering company (the “Company”) which is responsible for the administration and governance over the Fund. It vests assets and recharges all invoiced transactions on behalf of the Fund. The Directors of the Company are responsible for the governance of the Fund.

In 2010, Solicitors Indemnity Fund Limited entered into an administrative services agreement with Vision Underwriting Limited for the provision of various administrative and claims handling services in respect of the run-off of the Fund for a period of ten years until 2020. Solicitors Indemnity Fund Limited agreed to pay £4.7 million, payable on a reducing basis over ten years, to Vision Underwriting Limited for the provision of these services. During 2012, an escrow agreement was signed and an escrow account set up to hold the remaining outstanding fees of £1.2 million under the agreement. As these fees are legally in the ownership of the Fund until formally due, these will continue to be reflected within the Fund’s financial statements until such time as they are paid. Consideration has been given to the provision of resources in respect of the extended period of post cessation cover referred to above: provision for these costs has been made on an estimated basis in these financial statements.

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE ADMINISTERING COMPANY (continued)

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND ITS COMMITTEES

The Board of the administering Company comprises non-executive Directors drawn from the legal profession or with relevant insurance expertise. The following were Directors during the financial period under review and up to the date of signing of the financial statements:

D. A. McIntosh - *Chairman*
J. K. Holder
D. Hudson
M. R. Mathews
W. R. Treen

The Board of Directors has delegated certain powers and duties to Committees established by it and receives reports of their proceedings. The Board Committees, together with a brief description of their remit is as follows:

Finance and Audit Committees (incorporating Investment Committee)

J. K. Holder - *Chairman*
D. Hudson
M. R. Mathews
D. A. McIntosh

The Committees review the financial statements and interim financial reporting, the annual expenditure budget and ad hoc financial matters, and keep under review the investment performance and asset allocation. The Committees review the effectiveness of the internal processes with financial management representatives and external auditors and report on it to the Board.

Claims Committee

W. R. Treen - *Chairman*
D. A. McIntosh

The Claims Committee was established in April 1998 to review claims handling procedures, the cost of legal advice on claims from an external panel of solicitors and appointments to that panel.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Fund's business carries significant uncertainties and the financial statements include significant judgements around claims costs and provisions, based on past historic experience. The claims provisions are reviewed on a regular basis to ensure they reflect up to date information and are considered the Fund's key performance measure. Further details of the claims provision are included in Note 8.

CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING DATE

The Fund has changed its accounting date in line with that of the Law Society Group changing its reporting date from 31 December to 31 October resulting in these accounts being prepared for a shorter period of ten months to 31 October 2013.

DISCONTINUED ACTIVITIES

The Fund ceased to provide indemnity to its members from 1 September 2000 and was placed into run-off and therefore all its activities are treated and accounted for as discontinued operations. However, the Fund will continue to exist as a going concern to settle its liabilities, and therefore the financial statements have not been prepared on a break-up basis.

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE ADMINISTERING COMPANY (continued)

CLAIMS

As at 31 October 2013, there were 171 open cases (2012: 189) a net reduction of 18 in the period. The increase in claims incurred net of reinsurance was £4.7 million (2012: £1.2 million), brought about by an increase in gross claims provisions of £3.6 million (2012: £1.4 million), from £9.0 million at 31 December 2012 to £12.6 million at 31 October 2013, whilst claims payments, net of claims recoveries, and including internal claims costs, during the period were a net cost of £1.1 million (2012: net recovery of £34k). There was no movement on amounts recoverable from reinsurers (2012: decreased by £0.2 million) in the period and no reinsurance recoveries (2012: £0.4 million).

Provision has been made within the Gross Claims Reserve for the total estimated future liabilities arising from the 10-year block programme and the more recent three-year extension providing cover to ceased firms after the six year run off period has elapsed. This is based on best information currently available of £6.0 million (2012: £4.6 million).

INVESTMENTS

The Fund's investment strategy has been to hold a portfolio consisting of UK Government Securities, managed gilts funds and a managed cash fund. During 2013, the Directors reviewed this strategy and elected to invest all funds within a managed fixed income portfolio consisting of equities, gilts and other securities. Further details are provided in Note 6.

OPERATING EXPENDITURE

The charges incurred by the Fund during the period for the provision of administrative and run-off services by Vision Underwriting Limited were £0.6 million (2012: £0.7 million). Other operating expenses incurred during the period were £0.3 million (2012: £0.2 million), giving total gross operating expenses incurred of £0.9 million (2012: £0.9 million).

As explained in Note 1(j), provision is made for all future costs expected to be incurred by the Fund while it is in run-off, although any administrative costs do not need to be provided for to the extent that any future investment returns would meet these liabilities. The Directors consider that all costs incurred by the Fund fully relate to claims handling costs in relation to the closure of the Fund. As such, one hundred per cent (2012: one hundred per cent) of all expected net operating expenses to the eventual closure of the Fund are allocated to claims handling and provided in full in the period (Note 8).

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office, and this has been confirmed by the Directors.

THE LAW SOCIETY

The financial statements of the Fund are consolidated with the financial statements of The Law Society as at 31 October 2013 based on an assessment by The Law Society that the Fund should be a consolidated part of the Group due to the control of the Fund and its entitlement to surplus accumulated reserves. Copies of The Law Society financial statements can be obtained from The Law Society, Law Society Hall, 113 Chancery Lane, London, WC2A 1PL.



D. A. McIntosh
Chairman

Dated 11th February 2014

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE ADMINISTERING COMPANY (continued)

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company is responsible, on behalf of the Fund, for preparing the financial statements for the Fund for each period which give a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Fund during the period under review and of the disposition at the end of the period of its assets and liabilities. The Company has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) and in certain areas the spirit of the ABI SORP. In preparing those financial statements, the Company:

- selects suitable accounting policies and applies them consistently;
- makes judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- states whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepares the financial statements for the discontinued activities of the Fund on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Fund will continue in business.

The Company is also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial transactions and the assets and liabilities of the Fund. It is further responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Fund and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

In the case of each director in office at the date the directors' report is approved, the following applies:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.



D. A. McIntosh
Chairman

Dated 11th February 2014

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND LIMITED

We have audited the non-statutory financial statements of Solicitors Indemnity Fund (the "Fund") for the ten months ended 31 October 2013, which comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, the Statement of total recognised gains and losses, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of these non-statutory financial statements is United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the Directors of the Solicitors Indemnity Fund Limited (the "Directors") are responsible for the preparation of the non-statutory financial statements in their capacity as Directors of the entity holding, managing and administering the Solicitors Indemnity Fund, and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the non-statutory financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for management's purposes to assist the Directors to discharge their stewardship obligations and fiduciary responsibility in respect of the Fund under the By-Laws in accordance with our engagement letter dated 10 September 2013 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come including without limitation under any contractual obligations of the Fund, save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Scope of the audit of the non-statutory financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the non-statutory financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the non-statutory financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Fund's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the non-statutory financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on non-statutory financial statements

In our opinion the non-statutory financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Fund's affairs as at 31 October 2013 and of its deficit for the period then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants
London
13 February 2014

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2013

		10 months ended 31 October 2013	12 months ended 31 December 2012
	Note	£000	£000
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			
	1(a)		
Gross claims (costs)/recoveries	4	(1,077)	34
Reinsurance recoveries		-	406
Net claims (costs)/recoveries		(1,077)	440
Increase in gross provision for claims	8	(3,597)	(1,446)
Decrease in amount recoverable from reinsurers	8	-	(204)
Increase in net provision for claims		(3,597)	(1,650)
Increase in claims incurred net of reinsurance		(4,674)	(1,210)
Realised losses on fixed asset investments	3	(429)	(12)
Income from fixed asset investments	2	643	623
Investment expenses		(36)	(9)
Investment return		178	602
Contributions receivable	1(f)	1	2
Deficit before taxation	4	(4,495)	(606)
Taxation (charge)/credit	5	(49)	134
Deficit for the period		(4,544)	(472)
Release of Surplus to The Law Society		(132)	-
Realised deficit for the period		(4,676)	(472)
Surplus brought forward		21,947	22,710
		17,271	22,238
Other unrealised losses		(79)	(291)
Surplus carried forward		17,192	21,947

There is no difference between the deficit before taxation and the results for the period or year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2013

		10 months ended 31 October 2013	12 months ended 31 December 2012
	Note	£000	£000
Deficit for the financial period		(4,676)	(472)
Unrealised losses on fixed asset investments	3	(79)	(291)
Total recognised losses and gains relating to the financial period		(4,755)	(763)

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND
BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2013

		31 October 2013	31 December 2012
	Note	£000	£000
Assets			
Investments	6	28,262	28,451
Debtors	7	180	636
Cash held in Escrow		1,170	1,815
Cash and Bank		309	157
Total Assets		29,921	31,059
Liabilities			
Gross Claims Provision	8	(12,591)	(8,994)
Creditors	9	(138)	(118)
Total Liabilities		(12,729)	(9,112)
Net Assets		17,192	21,947
 Retained Surplus		 17,192	 21,947

Approved on behalf of Solicitors Indemnity Fund



D. A. McIntosh
Chairman

11th February 2014

On behalf of Solicitors Indemnity Fund Limited, in capacity as administrators of the Fund.

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2013

I. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) **Basis of preparation**

Following the decision of the Council of The Law Society in June 1999 to move to market insurance, the Fund went into run-off on 1 September 2000. Consequently, in order to comply with Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 3 (Reporting Financial Performance) it is necessary to report the activities of the Fund as "Discontinued operations". As the Fund will continue as a going concern to settle ongoing claims and other liabilities, the financial statements are not prepared on a break-up basis.

The Solicitors Indemnity Fund Limited, that administers the Fund, holds title to all of the assets which are beneficially held for the Fund. It has legal title to all assets and liabilities relating to the Fund. In accordance with the initial set up guidelines for the Fund, all of the assets and liabilities are recorded in these financial statements as if they belong to the Fund, and are not recognised in the financial statements of Solicitors Indemnity Fund Limited.

(b) **Reporting standards**

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards and certain aspects of the ABI SORP.

(c) **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention with the exception of the valuation of investments (see (d) below).

Significant estimates are outlined in individual policies.

(d) **Valuation of investments**

Investments, comprising listed securities, are valued at their mid-market value at Balance Sheet date on a portfolio basis. Upward revaluations are taken to the Income and Expenditure account where they are a reversal of previously recognised impairments or treated as unrealised where the value is an increase above historical cost. Impairments to the value of investments are taken to the revaluation reserve where they are a reversal of previously recognised upward revaluations or the Income and Expenditure account where they fall below historical cost. Profits and losses on sales of investments are measured by reference to the carrying value.

(e) **Investment income**

Interest on fixed interest securities and gilts are accounted for on an accruals basis.

Income from managed gilts funds are remitted bi-annually from the fund but are accounted for on an accruals basis.

(f) **Contributions**

Contributions are accounted for on the accruals basis.

(g) **Reinsurance recoveries**

Reinsurance recoveries are accounted for as and when payment becomes due based on the liability being incurred.

(h) **Claims costs**

Claims costs are made up of claims handling costs including the costs of panel solicitors and internal claims handling staff, damages paid out, other costs net of recoveries. Claims costs are accounted for as and when payment is authorised and recoveries are recognised at the point they become virtually certain and they can be measured.

(i) **Claims provisions**

Estimation techniques are used to determine the Gross Claims Provision which represents the estimated outstanding liabilities relating to all indemnity years.

Ultimate claim settlements are estimated by the use of statistical projections of historical data, together with case by case reviews of notified losses, and are based on information available at the time the estimates are made. This is done at regular intervals during the year. There is uncertainty as to the quantum of the ultimate settlement of the liabilities which is inherent in the process of estimating such that, in the normal course of events, unforeseen or unexpected future developments could cause the ultimate cost of settling the outstanding liabilities to differ from that currently estimated. Any differences between provisions and subsequent settlements are dealt with in later accounting periods as actual costs and recoveries are known. Claims provisions include the estimated future costs of panel solicitors and of internal claims handling staff, including overheads. Claims provisions are not discounted.

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2013 (continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Claims provisions (continued)

Recoveries provisions

Recoveries are recognised at the point at which they become virtually certain, practically when the Fund is notified of entitlement to amounts and they can be measured. The Fund does not make provision for other potential future recoveries due to the uncertainty of whether any amounts can be recovered.

Reinsurance provisions

Reinsurance policies are held to provide cover for the risk associated with uncertainties of claims settlements and costs. Claims are made against policies to the extent that criteria have been met. Amounts are recognised to the extent that the Directors believe they are recoverable with provision made for any doubtful debts.

(j) Run-off costs

In accordance with FRS3 and the ABI SORP, provision is made for future run-off costs as the Fund is in wind down. Under the SORP it is not necessary to provide for future anticipated administrative run-off costs to the extent that they are offset by the expected future investment return of the Fund. The directors consider that all costs incurred by the Fund fully relate to claims handling costs in relation to closure of the Fund and so are fully provided for in 2013 (2012: fully provided for).

(k) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences (except those noted as exceptions in the accounting standard) that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less, tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is more likely than not that there will be taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis.

(l) Cash Flow Statement

As the financial statements of the Fund are consolidated within the financial statements of The Law Society, which are available at 113 Chancery Lane, London, WC2A 1PL, the Fund has taken advantage of the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 1 (Revised 1996) (Cash Flow Statements).

2. INVESTMENT INCOME

	10 months ended 31 October 2013	12 months ended 31 December 2012
	£000	£000
Fixed interest and deposits	551	579
Interest on payments into court	92	44
	<u>643</u>	<u>623</u>

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2013 (continued)

3. GAINS AND LOSSES ON INVESTMENTS

	10 months ended 31 October 2013	12 months ended 31 December 2012
	£000	£000
Net realised losses	(429)	(12)
Net unrealised losses	(79)	(291)
	(508)	(303)

4. DEFICIT BEFORE TAXATION

Deficit before taxation is stated after charging / (crediting) the following amounts:

	10 months ended 31 October 2013	12 months ended 31 December 2012
	£000	£000
Expenditure in the period:		
Administration service charges for claims handling costs recharged from Vision Underwriting Limited	645	745
Insurance and other operating costs	37	47
Legal and professional	181	99
Audit	53	58
Net operating expenditure in the period, included in gross claims costs	916	949
Movement in provision for run-off costs	2,815	(224)
Net expenses incurred	3,731	725

Administrative costs

The administrative costs of £0.6 million (2012: £0.7 million) relate to payments by the Fund to Vision Underwriting Limited under the administrative agreement disclosed in further detail within the Directors Report.

Other

Audit expenditure of £53k (2012: £58k) is in respect of the audit of the financial statements. No amounts have been paid to the auditors in respect of non-audit services (2012: nil).

Directors' emolument costs of £51k (2012: £62k) are charged directly to the Fund and are included above within legal and professional costs.

Analysis of gross claims costs within the income and expenditure account is as follows:

	10 months ended 31 October 2013	12 months ended 31 December 2012
	£000	£000
Amounts paid	(354)	(1,150)
Recoveries received	193	2,133
Internal claims costs	(916)	(949)
Gross claims (costs)/recoveries	(1,077)	34

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2013 (continued)

5. TAXATION CHARGE/(CREDIT)

	10 months ended 31 October 2013	12 months ended 31 December 2012
	£000	£000
(a) Analysis of total tax charge/(credit) in the period		
Current Tax		
Current Tax - Income tax credit on deficit for the period	-	(190)
Adjustment in respect of prior years	-	45
Current tax credit	-	(145)
Deferred Tax		
Deferred tax charge	-	11
Write-down of deferred tax asset	49	-
Total deferred tax charge	49	11
Total tax charge/(credit) on deficit for the period	49	(134)
(b) Factors affecting tax credit for the period		
Deficit before taxation	(4,495)	(606)
Tax at 20% (2012: 20%)	(899)	(121)
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(9)	(11)
Expenses disallowed for tax purposes	-	1
Tax on unrealised losses	(16)	(59)
Current tax prior year adjustment	-	45
Losses not utilised carried forward	924	-
Actual current tax credit	-	(145)

A deferred tax asset of £924k in respect of unutilised tax losses is not recognised at the balance sheet date. A deferred tax asset of £40k in respect of capital allowances in excess of depreciation is not recognised at the balance sheet date.

6. INVESTMENTS

	31 October 2013	31 December 2012
	£000	£000
Managed fixed income portfolio	28,262	-
Managed gilts fund	-	19,306
Managed cash fund	-	3,016
UK government bonds	-	6,129
	28,262	28,451

The historic cost of investments amounts to £28.5 million (2012: £27.6 million).

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2013 (continued)

7. DEBTORS

	31 October 2013	31 December 2012
	£000	£000
Deferred tax asset	-	49
Income tax recoverable	-	209
VAT recoverable	9	181
Other debtors	171	197
	<u>180</u>	<u>636</u>

All amounts are considered due within one year.

Deferred tax assets comprise of accelerated capital allowances:

	£000
Balance as at 1 January 2013	49
Deferred tax asset written off	(49)
Balance as at 31 October 2013	<u>-</u>

8. CLAIMS PROVISION

The Claims provisions are made in accordance with the accounting policies and as explained in the report of the Directors they carry a significant level of judgement and rely on estimation techniques based on experience and available information.

There are three main aspects to the provision as follows:

	31/10/2013	31/12/2012	Movement
	£000	£000	£000
Gross case reserves	2,906	2,939	(33)
Expected case recoveries	(2,833)	(2,263)	(570)
Net case reserves	<u>73</u>	<u>676</u>	<u>(603)</u>
IBNR	5,964	4,579	1,385
Run off costs	6,554	3,739	2,815
	<u>12,591</u>	<u>8,994</u>	<u>3,597</u>

- a) Case reserves – provision is made for known cases. Estimates are made by specialist claims experts and panel solicitors of the likely damages and potential costs involved in settling the claim, as well as any expected recoveries to be made. These are revised on a regular basis based on updated information as the claims progress. Recoveries are only recognised when management and external advisors believe it is virtually certain that amounts will be received. These provisions are sensitive to changes in the complexity of the case and the potential outcome and therefore damages changing.

SOLICITORS INDEMNITY FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2013 (continued)

8. CLAIMS PROVISION (continued)

As explained in Note 10 there are additional significant assets over which the Fund has some title or claim, which may lead to potential future recovery. However, there is such uncertainty over the timing and amount of any recovery that no estimate can be made of the value of the asset.

- b) Incurred but not reported (IBNR) – An actuarial estimate is made of those cases where the event that triggers a claim has already happened i.e. an act of negligence has occurred at some time in the past but is presently unknown to the Fund because it has not been reported. When disclosed to the Fund it would still be subject to any statutory limitation provisions applying. The risk exposure of all IBNR claims reduces over time as cases reach their primary or statutory limitation period. There remains significant risk in the post 6 year run-off provision as this is an undeveloped and immature area of business that took effect from 1 September 2007 when the Fund began providing cover for post 6 year run-off claims.
- c) Run off costs – as the Fund is in run-off, estimated future costs are all recognised in the accounts. In 2013 and 2012, some of the provision is based on the agreed contract with Vision Underwriting Limited and therefore the uncertainty in this aspect of the provision has been reduced. The main uncertainty is the period of time for which the Fund will need to manage ongoing claims and this will depend on the complexity of the remaining cases. In 2013 and 2012, the provision includes estimates of maintaining some claims handling services until 2030, however the level is expected to gradually decrease. Significant uncertainty remains in relation to the claims handling costs associated with the post cessation cover referred to in paragraph (b) above.

9. CREDITORS

	31 October 2013	31 December 2012
	£000	£000
Other tax and social security payable	-	16
Accruals and deferred income	90	50
Claims payable	48	52
	<u>138</u>	<u>118</u>

10. CONTINGENT GAINS AND LOSSES

There are a number of assets over which the Fund has some title / claim which may lead to potential future recoveries. These potential assets are not recognised as part of the provisions for recoveries as, in the opinion of the Directors, they are so uncertain that they cannot be practically measured and hence no estimate is included here.

11. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

In the opinion of the Directors the ultimate controlling party is the Council of The Law Society by virtue of it being the controlling party of the Fund.

Copies of The Law Society's financial statements can be obtained from The Law Society, Law Society Hall, 113 Chancery Lane, London, WC2A 1PL. Consolidated financial statements including this company are prepared by The Law Society, which is the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 October 2013.